AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

- 1. (Original) An electrostatic levitation furnace comprising a vacuum chamber, main electrodes opposed to each other within the vacuum chamber, an auxiliary electrodes which movesmove a sample levitated due to an electrostatic field generated between the main electrodes to a predetermined position, and a laser irradiatorirradiators which irradiatesirradiate a laser beam on the sample displaced to the predetermined position to melt the sample, wherein a plurality of the main electrodes are arranged at proper intervals in a vertical direction to form electrostatic field generating interspaces between the adjacent main electrodes respectively, the auxiliary electrodes are arranged to correspond to each of the electrostatic field generating interspaces, the laser irradiators are arranged both of above an uppermost one of said the main electrodes positioned at uppermost and under the a lowermost one of said main electrodes positioned at lowest to be opposed to each other coaxially, and theone of said main electrodes positioned midway between the uppermost one and the lowest one has a through-hole which is on an optical path of laser beam and through which a sample can be passed-through.
- (Original) An electrostatic levitation furnace comprising a vacuum chamber, main electrodes opposed to each other within the vacuum chamber, an-auxiliary electrodes which moves move a sample levitated due to electrostatic field generated between the main electrodes to

a predetermined position, and a-laser irradiators irradiators which irradiates a laser beam on irradiate the sample displaced the predetermined position to melt the sample, wherein a-plural pairs of the main electrodes forming electrostatic field generating interspaces are arranged as stackingstacked—in a vertical direction, the auxiliary electrodes are arranged to correspond to each of the electrostatic field generating interspaces, the laser irradiators are arranged both of above an uppermost one of said main electrodeclectrodes-positioned uppermost and under a lowermost one of said electrodes the one positioned lowest to be opposed to each other coaxially, and the main electrode positioned midway between the uppermost one and the-lowest one has a through-hole on an optical path of laser beam which a sample can be passed through.

3. (Previously Presented) An electrostatic levitation furnace according to claim 1 wherein an image pickup device comprising a CMOS camera or a CCD camera photographing a sample, a background light source irradiating a light on a sample, and a digital signal processor executing image

processing which enhances the edge of an image in real time and outputting a position of the center of gravity of a sample put in a levitation state is provided so as to extend to adjacent electrostatic field generating interspaces.

 (Previously Presented) A method for fusing samples together using an electrostatic levitation furnace, comprising, in fusing a pluralplurality of species of samples all together using an electrostatic levitation furnaces furnace according to claim 1; a step for levitating a first sample on a<u>an</u> optical path of a laser beam in either of <u>plural</u> electrostatic field generating interspaces and subsequently irradiating a<u>the</u> laser beam on the first sample from a laser irradiator at the side of one main electrode to melt the sample;

a step for, while levitating a first sample maintained in a melted state by irradiating a laser beam on the first sample, levitating a second sample on <u>an</u> optical path of a laser beam in another <u>of said</u> electrostatic field generating <u>interspace interspaces</u> and subsequently irradiating a laser beam on the second sample from <u>another</u> laser irradiator at the side of the other main electrode to melt the sample;

a step for moving the sample positioned in <u>an</u> upper one of the electrostatic field generating interspaces which levitate the first and the second samples in melted states respectively from <u>thesaid</u> upper <u>one</u> electrostatic field generating interspace through a throughhole of a main electrode positioned midway to <u>thesaid</u> lower <u>one</u> electrostatic field generating interspace while controlling the temperature, position, and fall velocity of the sample, and subsequently fusing the samples in melted states together while levitating them;

a step for stopping both of irradiation of laser beams from both-the upper and the lower laser irradiators to solidify a fused body from the first and the second samples, and subsequently moving the fused body at a predetermined position in the lower electrostatic field generating interspace, wherein a pluralplurality of species of samples are fused all together through the above-mentioned steps.